

## MORE TROOPS ARE SENT TO MEX BORDER

Government Cannot Do More Until Request Comes From Texas—Military Zone May be Established.

## MUST RAISE MONEY TO RUN GOVERNMENT

Claims Amounting Up in Millions to be Presented to Carranza—United States Must Finance Country.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The war department today ordered the 38th infantry from Galveston to Harlingen, Texas, on the Mexican border in the Brownsville section to combat Mexican raiders. This denotes Galveston of troops and the 23rd infantry, now at Jacksonville, Fla., for target practice, will be sent there to be held in reserve.

Sec'y Garrison said that the sending of the 28th to the border was a precautionary movement. The Mexican bandits who have been operating in the Brownsville region have been able to strike and run almost at will, but with the addition to the forces there of an entire regiment of infantry it will be possible to utilize more cavalry for scouting work.

"The situation in the Brownsville region is local to a great extent," explained the war secretary. "Unless the Texas authorities ask us to do more than we are doing now we are limited by the law to maintaining the border patrol and to killing as many of the raiders who attack as we can. If the governor of Texas should require it, we could establish a military zone that would take in all the Brownsville region. But unless the local authorities ask us to do this we cannot act."

The war department still was without word whether the bandits now operating in the Brownsville district who were responsible for the killing of three American soldiers and the wounding of others yesterday actually were illa soldiers as has been charged.

Army officers who are familiar with the border conditions say that the situation will continue to grow worse as the soldiers of both Villa and Carranza, who have been fighting for loot, will now desert and run congress on their own account.

**FIND TWO BODIES.**  
BROWNVILLE, Texas, Oct. 22.—Bodies of two more Mexicans who are supposed to have been killed in the fight between Mexican raiders and United States troops near Ojo De Agua yesterday, were found in the Mesquite brush north of the Rio Grande today, according to word from Hidalgo, seat of Hidalgo county.

If these Mexicans were victims of the fight it would bring the battle's total death toll up to 11.

The American side of the Rio Grande throughout Cameron, Hidalgo and Starr counties is being more strictly guarded than usual by the United States troops. It is believed that the survivors of the band who engaged the United States soldiers at Ojo De Agua are still hiding in the chaparral on American soil.

**MUST PAY CLAIMS.**  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—With Carranza established as head of the defactor government of Mexico, the

## BRITISH TO PAY FOR ALL COTTON

Settlement Will be Based on Market Value and All Expenses.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The British board of trade will pay at market value for all cotton taken over by the British government which had seized it because it was not accompanied by sales contracts at market value at the port of shipment, according to a cablegram from Consul Gen. Skinner at London.

This is the first substantial concession to the cotton interests, as the board of trade will pay the "prevailing price," plus all expenses.

The cablegram from the consul general reads as follows:

"The British board of trade has decided to make final settlement for all American cotton which it has purchased, but which was not covered by sales contracts at the market value at the port of shipment on the date of shipment. Payment will be made plus all expenses including freight, insurance, war risks and interest. In making settlement as to these contracts which are in dispute contracts which were made on the date of shipment will be considered as a further guidance for the benefit of the shippers."

Officials today interpreted this announcement as the opening of a series by the British government designed to meet in part the objections to the order in council.

## CITY MAY PURCHASE ARTIST'S MASTERPIECE

Exhibit of Work of Late Clarence Ball Planned by His Friends.

Friends of the late L. Clarence Ball are planning an exhibit of his paintings, the purpose of which is to create sufficient public sentiment to make possible the purchase for South Bend the picture which Mr. Ball considered his masterpiece. It is an oil painting entitled "The Felling of the Bee Tree," and was taken from an incident which occurred near Mr. Ball's summer home at Diamond Lake.

It is understood that the picture can be secured and those interested in the project are hopeful that a sufficient sum may be raised by popular subscription to buy the picture which will be placed in some public position where it may be viewed by admirers of such works.

Both oil and water colors will be included in the exhibit and an effort will be made to secure the loan of Mr. Ball's paintings from anyone who owns them, whether they be in South Bend or elsewhere. It will be impossible to make a complete collection, of course, as Mr. Ball painted for many years and his works are widely scattered. It is believed, however, that the efforts of those forwarding the plan will bring together an exhibit well worth while.

## ONLY FOUR ACCEPTED THUS FAR FOR NAVY

Seven Out of 11 Applicants For Enlistment at Local Station Are Rejected by Officer.

There have been 11 applicants for enlistment in the United States navy since the navy recruiting station was opened three weeks ago in the federal building. Of these applicants only four have been accepted. The station is in charge of Chief Quartermaster A. W. Harrison. Thus far but little advertising has been done. It is expected that there will soon be an active advertising campaign started for the securing of recruits.

Every inducement is being offered to secure recruits. The age limit has been reduced from 22 to 20 years. This claim is made for the service that it offers as splendid an opportunity for advancement and development as any occupation open to young men. Particular stress is laid on the fact that a naval recruit is given the opportunity to travel extensively and at the same time advance in the particular line of work in which he is interested.

## JOHN P. CULLY TO BE DEPUTY AUDITOR

Resignation as Deputy Sheriff Will be Effective on Jan. 1.

John P. Cully, 298 E. Sample st., tendered his resignation as deputy sheriff to Sheriff Charles E. Bailey Friday morning, the resignation to take effect the first of next year. Cully will go into the auditor's office at that time as deputy Arthur Wolfe, who succeeds Clarence Sedwick.

Cully has been deputy sheriff under Bailey since Jan. 1, 1915. Previous to that he was clerk of the circuit court for eight years.

Cully will be succeeded as deputy, Sheriff Bailey announced today, by Ray Barkley, present turnkey of the county jail. Barkley's successor has not been named by the sheriff.

The one other outgoing officer of the court house besides Mr. Sedwick is Noah Lehman, present county recorder. Bert Klysz succeeds Mr. Lehman.

## SHOOTER HEED ON BOND

Steve Vargo Must Answer to Circuit Court Jury.

Steve Vargo, 715 W. Ford st., accused of shooting with intent to kill and assault, was bound over to the circuit court grand jury from city court Friday morning under bonds of \$200. Vargo was alleged to have been the gun wielder in a shooting affray which took place at Vargo's home some time ago, in which Patrolman Steve Gorka was shot at when he attempted to interfere. Vargo was shot in the hip by Gorka when the latter shot through a window in Vargo's home.

John Mazlin is also named as a witness. He alleged that he also was made a target of by Vargo.

## I Am The Want-Ad

Born of the urgent need of the employer for help, of the wage-earner for a position, of the rooming-house keeper for a roomer, of the houseowner for a renter,—of the many who have what they wish to sell,—I am the direct outgrowth of a need.

My use are as many as are the daily wants of mankind. My purpose in life, yes my very excuse for existence is to bring employer and applicant together, to act as go-between for buyer and seller,—to spread broadcast the news of small business, the small news of business.

I change almost daily. To keep up with the progress of events read me daily.

Use me daily.—I'll work for you and with you.

Use me now.

**I AM THE WANT-AD IN THE NEWS-TIMES**

"A great paper for results."

## BOOKS PLAY BIG PART IN HAVEN TRIAL

Attorneys Clash With Mellen on the Stand—Excerpts Are Read From the Minute Books.

## INTRODUCE FAMOUS CORSAIR AGREEMENT

Signature of Pres't Clark is Recognized by Witness. Leasing of Boston and Main Road Shown.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Violent clashes and acrimonious debate between the government attorneys and counsel for the millionaire New Haven directors became more frequent and bitter today as Charles S. Mellen, former president of the New Haven railway, resumed his story of how the railroad controlled by the late J. P. Morgan choked off its rivals in New England.

Lindabury made his best impression on the jury when he took up the cudgels in behalf of Mellen, supposedly the nemesis of the accused millionaire manipulator, when Frank M. Swacker, assistant attorney general, denounced Mellen as a "hostile witness."

When court reconvened today the government continued to read excerpts from the minute books of the New Haven board of directors concerning the tripartite agreement that succeeded in shutting out of New York the New York & New England railway. This, according to the government, was the beginning of the New Haven's swallowing up of all its rivals in New England.

**Corsair Agreement.**  
Lindabury resumed the stand this morning the government introduced the famous "corsair agreement" of 1893, authorizing the arrangement between the New Haven and the Boston & Maine railways which was ratified March 11, 1893. It was called the "Corsair agreement" because it was drawn up at a conference of New Haven directors aboard the Corsair, the late J. P. Morgan's yacht.

Lindabury objected strenuously to Swacker calling the agreement the "Corsair agreement."

"We have always," he said, "referred to a later agreement in that way."

"There was a later agreement made on the Corsair," Mellen interposed, "but I have always in my testimony referred to the Boston & Maine arrangement as the Corsair agreement."

Mellen identified the document, saying he recognized the signature of President Clark of the New Haven, but did not recognize the signature of the Boston & Maine official.

**Book Identified.**  
Mellen identified another minute book of the New Haven directorate and Swacker read from it the record of the directors' agreement for the consolidation of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railway and the New York, Providence & Boston railway.

Lindabury made his usual objection that the alleged act was not an evidence of conspiracy, and moreover occurred prior to the three-year period. When this was overruled Lindabury made further objection that Mellen was not qualified to identify a minute book, that it should be identified by the secretary who wrote it. That secretary is dead and the objection was overruled.

The government then read further excerpts on minutes showing how the New Haven made a traffic agreement and then consolidated with the New York, Providence & Boston railway. The action was taken on the recommendation of a special committee of directors appointed by Pres't Clark.

The government, through the medium of the New Haven minute books, put before the jury the facts of the leasing by the New Haven of all the property, tracks, rolling stock and terminals of the Boston & Maine railway.

## MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Claude B. Barkley, farmer; Jenieve Elroyde Smith, domestic.

Claud Earl Eichey, carpenter, North Liberty; Mary Agnes Betz, North Liberty.

## THREE BRITISH SHIPS ARE SUNK BY DIVERS

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Three more British ships have been sunk by German submarines in another burst of activity by the Kaiser's underwater craft, it was announced today.

The victims were the Auk, the Iris and the City of Berlin. The Iris was a 2,253 ton ship and the city of Berlin's tonnage was 999.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 22.—Three German steamers which were due at Malmoe on Wednesday have failed to reach port and are reported to have been sunk by British submarines.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The Norwegian bark Cissie, bound for Port Arthur, Texas, was sunk with the loss of seven members of her crew off the Isle of Wight today when she collided with a British steamer. Seventeen members of the Cissie crew were landed at New Haven.

## THE ROLL CALL.



## TEUTON ATTACKS FAIL SAYS PARIS

Heavy Fire Seemed to Have Effect on Enemy Batteries and Trenches.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—Reprise of night attacks by the Germans in two sections of the Arras region is announced in today's official report issued by the French war office.

The official communique follows:

"The enemy last evening attempted without a particle of success an attack against the salients east and southwest of Ghienchy fort. He was likewise repulsed very badly in the alley of Souchez, where he was attempting to advance."

"In Champagne the bombardment by the Germans continued very violently to the west of Tahure, to the east of the Butte of Meunil and in the region of Ville Sud Tourge. We everywhere answered this cannonade with heavy fire which was seen to have a marked effect on the German batteries and trenches."

"The explosion of one of our mines in the Arronne blew up and completely destroyed one of the enemy's posts."

"A squadron of our aeroplanes have bombarded the German aviation park at Ounel, between the Arronne and the Meuse."

## SHIP ASHORE.

CETTE, France, Oct. 22.—The British steamer Eldor Branch, which sailed from Philadelphia on Oct. 2, for Cette with a cargo of wheat, went ashore at the entrance to the harbor today.

## BARK AGROUND.

BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 22.—The Argentine bark Edith Jones from New York to Concepcion, Chile, grounded off Paysandu in the Uruguay river last night. It is in no danger.

## Force of Special Agents to Enforce Mexican Embargo

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Pres't Wilson today ordered the department of justice immediately to increase its force of special agents along the Mexican border sufficiently to prevent any smuggling of arms across the Rio Grande, and at the same time to assign sufficient men to determine who is responsible for the various organized raids across into Texas in which Americans are being killed and wounded.

The president also conferred with Atty. Gen. Gregory regarding a speedy disposition of the proceedings against Gen. Victoriano Huerta, under arrest in Texas charged with conspiracy to violate the neutrality of the United States. It was agreed that the case against Huerta shall be presented to a federal grand jury in Texas within the next six weeks and that speedy prosecution shall follow if indictments are returned.

It is the present intention of the United States to prosecute Huerta and not to turn him over to Carranza for punishment. Gregory denied that Carranza has applied to the United States for the extradition of Huerta on the ground that he was implicated in the murder of Pres't Madero.

The department of justice intends determining if possible just who is responsible for the various organized raids of Mexican bandits into the United States. Reports that certain American firms known to be opposed to Carranza have financed a movement to discredit him and prevent his administration becoming a success were also rumored reports around the department of justice. Atty. Gen. Gregory carried with him to the white house information already gathered by his agents which dealt with this particular phase of the situation.

## WILL REORGANIZE WABASH

First Steps Taken With Incorporation of Company.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 22.—The first steps toward the reorganization of the Wabash railroad were taken here today when William B. Stuart of Lafayette, general counsel for the Wabash in Indiana, accompanied by several New York financiers, filed articles of incorporation of the Wabash railroad company in the office of the secretary of state. The company is capitalized at \$143,460,000 and the fees paid to the state were \$143,461.50.

The incorporators are William B. Stuart of Lafayette; H. B. Campbell, Robert Goellet, Lyman Rhoades and Henry Rogers Winthrop of New York. It is not known what the plans for reorganization are. The road has been operated by receivers appointed by the federal court and it is believed that, following today's action, the receivers will be discharged by Judge Adams at St. Louis.

## WILL STAND BY GERMANY

Turkey to Assist in Freeing Persia and Egypt.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—(By wireless, via Sayville, N. Y.)—Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria have joined in a common cause to work for the freedom of such countries as Persia and Egypt, declared the president of Medina university, a Mohammedan institution, in an address here today in connection with the Bairam, a Mussulman festival being celebrated here today. The Medina professor declared that Turkey would stand by Germany to the very last, as the Koran forbade a Turk to break his word.

## CRUSHING DEFEAT IS SUFFERED BY TURKS

ATHENS, Oct. 22.—Anglo-French troops administered a crushing defeat to the Turks on Gallipoli peninsula Thursday, it is announced in a dispatch received from Mitylene today.

The battle opened with a general assault along the front at Suvla and Krithia by the Turks. Every attack by the Ottoman forces was repulsed. The ground was covered with bodies of Turkish troops when they abandoned their efforts to penetrate the allied lines.

Immediately after the Turkish attacks ceased, the French and British forces took the offensive and hard fighting still continues.

Two allied destroyers entered the Dardanelles at the height of the battle and bombarded the Turkish positions.

## ARRESTS IN PLOT TO KILL BULGAR KING

Many Politicians Said to be in Custody at Sofia—Were Opposed to Alliance With Germany.

## SERBIAN ARMY NOW ON THE OFFENSIVE

Germans Construct Trenches Near Belgrade to Resist Attacks—Bulgarians Make Gains.

ATHENS, Oct. 22.—Numerous arrests have been made at Sofia following the discovery of a plot to kill King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, according to advices received here. Among the prisoners are said to be several political leaders who opposed an alliance between Germany and Bulgaria.

ATHENS, Oct. 22.—Strongly reinforced, the Serbian army has taken the offensive against the Austro-German and Bulgarian armies which marked success the Serbian legation announced today.

"Austro-German operations have been arrested at certain points by our troops, who took the offensive, and repulsed the enemy," said an official statement issued at the legation. "The Germans have advanced only a few miles south of Belgrade where they have constructed entrenchments to resist our attacks."

Bulgarian troops who entered Vranje were later driven out. (This probably refers to early fighting at Vranje, as late reports indicate that Vranje is now held by strong Bulgarian forces.)

Turkish cavalry has appeared at Valos where the battles between Serbs and Bulgarians continues.

The legation denied reports that the Bulgarians had occupied Kumanova. Pirot and Valos, but it is believed here that Kumanova has been captured.

Bulgarian troops are said to be strengthening the fortifications at the passes in the Rhodope mountains, on the Greek frontier.

## CAPTURE TOWNS.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Kumanova and Veles, two important Serbian towns on the Salonika-Nish railway, are reported in Athens' dispatches to have been captured by the Bulgarians.

Veles (Kopriv) is in the Vardar valley, 28 miles southeast of Uskub and 60 miles from the Bulgarian frontier. Kumanova lies 45 miles from the Bulgarian frontier, 15 miles northeast of Uskub, and 30 miles south of Vranje.

Menaced on front and flank by the Austro-German forces and their Bulgarian allies, the Serbian army is in danger of being cut up. It is feared that the Anglo-French army in southern Serbia is in danger of being encircled by the victorious Bulgarians.

Dispatches from Athens indicated that the Salonika-Nish railway had been cut in three places, and if the report relative to the capture of Veles is true, it means that the Bulgarians have penetrated 60 miles into the interior of Serbia.

Urgent calls are being received by the allied war forces in Serbia. The critical situation which has developed there has caused a renewal of pressure upon Greece and Romania to throw themselves into the war upon the side of the entente powers.

**Armies Cooperate.**  
One reason for the unbroken chain of Teutonic and Bulgarian successes in the Balkan theater is the perfect cooperation between the German, Austro-Hungarian and Bulgarian armies.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.)

## GREECE EXPECTED TO DECIDE SOON

Rejects Offer of Cyprus Made by England—Allies Send Ultimatum, It is Said.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Greece has rejected Great Britain's offer of Cyprus in return for its support. It was semi-officially reported here today.

Negotiations are still said to be going on at Athens, however, the entente ministers conferring daily with representatives of the Greek government.

All indications point to a rapid conclusion of the issue as regards Greece. Though the foreign office maintained its customary silence today, the government permitted the transmission of a dispatch from Rome stating that if Greece refused either to join the allies or demobilize, the entente fleet will bombard the Greek coast.

The presence of the Greek forces in arms is a continual menace to the allied expedition that was sent to aid Serbia. Therefore, says the Rome dispatch, Greece must choose and choose quickly.

The Italian minister at Athens has joined the French and British envoys in their efforts to win the support of Zaimis. He called up Zaimis last night and presented official notification that Italy had declared war on Bulgaria.